Vital Records

Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620-1988 for Samuel Ward

Charlestown > Archives Births Marriages Deaths, 1629-1800

U.S., New England Marriages Prior to 1700 for Samuel Ward

New England Marriages Prior to 1700

L (1503-1682) E. 1/wf. Marry U.H. LAPD 2: b. 1635: Charlestown/Hing

WARD, Samuel (1593-1682) & 1/wf Mary HILLIARD?; b 1635; Charlestown/Hingham WARD, Samuel (-1682) & 2/wf? (no) Frances (PITCHER) [REYCROFT]; ca 28 Nov 1638; Hingham/Charlestown

The New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Boston, MA: New England Historic Genealogical Society, 1847-. (Online database: AmericanAncestors.org, New England Historic Genealogical Society, 2001-2013.)

WARD

Samuel Ward was not on the original 1642 list of intended proprietors of

Hull, but when the lots were recorded in 1657 he had two homelots on Town Hill and another on Further Hill. He came to Hull from Hingham before August 1649 (*Aspinwall Notarial Records*, 233).

1. SAMUEL¹ WARD was born probably in England about 1593, and died at Charlestown, Massachusetts, 30 August 1682, aged 89 (*Charlestown VRs*, 1:113). He was perhaps the son, or the brother, of one Henry Ward

whose burial at Hingham 15 May 1642 was noted, without any

indication of age, by Peter Hobart in his Journal (Register, 121:15).

Samuel married first, probably in England, a wife who died at Hingham

28 November 1638 (ibid., 11), and married, second, FRANCES (PITCHER)

REYCROFT, born in England about 1607, who died at Charlestown 10

June 1690, aged 83 and was buried in Copp's Hill Burying Ground,

Boston (Frederick Chester Warner, "The Ancestry of Samuel, Freda, and

John Warner" [1949, typescript at the Society], 694). The inscription on

her grave reads: Here lies the body of Fransis Ward, wife to Samuel Ward, aged 83 years, dyed the 10th of June 1690 (Thomas Bridgeman, Memorials of the Dead in Boston: Monuments and Tombstones, Copp's Hill Burying Ground [1852], 8).

Samuel Ward received a land grant on the lower plain in Hingham in 1636 (Lincoln, History of Hingham, 1:202). He became a freeman and was deputy to the General Court in 1637 (ibid., 3:274-5). On 12 June 1643 he, Bozoan Allen, and Lt. Anthony Eames had permission to set up a corn mill near the cove for the use of the town (ibid., 1:217). He owned considerable property in Hingham, and in 1646 became its second town clerk. Soon after, he moved to Hull, where on 23 August 1649 he sold his one-eighth share of the bark Sea Flowre to Jeremiah Clark of Rhode Island (Aspinwall Notarial Records, 233). Remaining at Hull less than ten years, he moved to Charlestown where he became a large landowner.

On 22 September 1652 he was called "Mister" in reference to debts owed the estate of Bozoan Allen (Suffolk County Wills, 122). He and his wife Frances Ward on 31 March 1665 sold to John Jacob two acres of land at Lyford's Liking in Hingham, ten acres at Hingham to John Otis, and another 25 acres there to Edward Wilder (Suffolk Deeds, 4:78).

His will, dated 6 March 1682, was proved 3 October 1682 (Middlesex

Co. Probate File 23742). He made bequests to his wife Frances, his son Samuel and Samuel's children, and left to son-in-law Isaac Lobdell a house he built in Charlestown, and to daughter Mary and her husband Ambrose Gale (mistakenly called Gool or Gould in some references) land at Hull, and "I give the Island laying betwixt Hingham and Hull, called Bomkin [Bumpkin] Island, unto the College [Harvard] and my mind is that it be called Ward's Island." He later endorsed the back of the will, stating that "the island that I have given the College, my mind is that it shall remain forever to Harvard College in New England, the rent of it to be for the easement of the charges of the Diatte of the students that are in the Commons." Use of the island, which in the appraisal was valued at £80, fell to Isaac Lobdell who later re-leased it.

students that are in the Commons." Use of the island, which in the appraisal was valued at £80, fell to Isaac Lobdell who later re-leased it, in March 1699, for 20 years at £4 yearly, payable annually on March first. His son Isaac later took over the lease from March 1707/8 for twenty years (C.J.F. Binney, "New England Families," MS at the Society, 108).

Children, probably all by first wife; surname Ward:

 MARY², b. ca. 1632; d. at Salem 5 Feb. 1694/5, aged 63 (Vital Records of Marblehead, Massachusetts, to the End of the Year 1849 [Salem, 1904], 2:552); m. ca. 1662 Ambrose Gale of Salem, later Marblehead, who was b. ca. 1631 and d. in August 1708 (ibid., 551), son of Edmond Gale of Cambridge. He was called merchant and shoreman when he

of Francis (ibid., 2:157). On 29 March 1685/6 he deposed that he was about 55 years old and of Marblehead (MD, 5[1903]:136). Ambrose and Mary are buried in the Old Burying Hill Cemetery, Marblehead (Marblehead VRs, 2:552).

Children, all bp. at First Church, Salem, Mass. (Vital Records of Salem, Massachusetts, to the End of the Year 1849, Vol. 1, Births [Salem, 1916], 334-335); surname Gale: 1. Benjamin, bp. 17, 3 mo., 1663. 2. Elizabeth,

bp. 17, 3 mo., 1663 with Benjamin. 3. Ambrose, bp. 20, 6 mo. 1665.

m. (2) at Marblehead, 29 Aug. 1695, Deborah (_____) Girdler, widow

Deliverance, bp. 8 Aug. 1672. 5. Ambrose, bp. 5 Aug. 1683.
 MARTHA, b. ca. 1634; d. at Hull 4 May 1708 (Hull VRs, 68); m. probably at Hull, ca. 1656, ISAAC LOBDELL (Lobden), b. probably in England ca. 1634, d. at Hull 26 April 1718 (ibid., 69), son of Nicholas Lobdell of Hingham. They lived on Town Hill in Hull, on the original Samuel Ward lot, between Richard Stubbs and John Benson. Isaac became a freeman 7 May 1673.

Lobdell for £39 one single lot located at their home lot (Suffolk Deeds, 6:190). On 15 March 1702 Isaac Lobdell of Hull, yeoman, and wife Martha, for love and affection deeded to son Joseph of Boston, mariner, a messuage in Hull with balance of a lease for 18 years on Bumpus Island, a Negro slave, Sambo, and other items, in consideration of support for life and sundry payments of yearly rent (Suffolk Co. Deeds, 24:17).

On 27 March 1710, "well stricken in years," Isaac Lobdell made his

will which was proved 5 May 1718 (Suffolk Co. Probate File 4023).

On 12 May 1670 Isaac Lobdell and his wife Martha sold to John

He left his dwelling house to son Joseph, and bequeathed to daughter Perry and her husband, daughter Marah and her husband, daughter Rebecca Stubbs, granddaughters Anne Lobdell and Lydia Lobdell, and "my four grandchildren descending from my son Isaac." Son Joseph and son [-in-law] Perry were named executors. Witnesses were Abraham Jones, Benjamin Jones, and Marcy Whitman. On 5 May 1718 when the will was presented by Joseph Lobdell and Benjamin Jones, it was noted that Abraham Jones was now deceased and Marcy Whitman was now at Bristol and indisposed. The inventory totaled £147 13s. including £110 12s. in money and his gun and sword.

Children; surname Lobdell: 1. Isaac, bp. at Hingham 14 June 1657

(Register, 121:107); fought in King Philip's War and predeceased his

father; m. ca. 1679 Sarah Bryant, b. 28 Nov. 1659, d. 22 March 1697, daughter of Stephen and Abigail (Shaw) Bryant (TAG 30[1954]:13; BRC 9:236). 2. Elizabeth, b. probably at Hull ca. 1659; m. at Scituate,

31 May 1681, William Perry (Scituate VRs, 2:235). 3. Samuel, bp. at Hingham 28 April 1661 (Register, 121:112). 4. Nicholas, bp. at Hingham 4 Oct. 1663 (ibid., 115); d. before 28 July when his will was proved (Wyman, Charlestown Genealogies and Estates, 22); m. at Charlestown, 18 Aug. 1687, Elizabeth Perkins (Charlestown VRs, 1:26), b. 14 or 21 March 1669, d. after 29 July 1698, daughter of Luke and Hannah (Cookery) Perkins of Charlestown (Wyman, Charlestown, 738). 5. Joseph, b. probably at Hull ca. 1663; d. there 2 April 1725 (Hull VRs, 68); m. at Boston, 1 Sept. 1692, Elizabeth (Price) Townsend (BRC 9:203), b. there 10 Feb. 1664, d. at Hull 12 Jan. 1746 aged 83, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Cromwell) Price and widow of James² Townsend (Henry F. Waters, Notes on the Townsend Family [1883], 6,7; Hull VRs, 69). 6. Mary, b. probably at Hull ca. 1666; d. probably at Boston, 18 Dec. 1744 aged 81; buried in Copp's Hill Burying Ground, Boston (Wyman, Charlestown, 757); m. at Charlestown, 4 Dec. 1683, Jonathan Pierce (Charlestown VRs, 1:123), b. ca. 1664, bp. at Charlestown with siblings 16 Nov. 1669/70, d. there 4 July 1722 aged 58 (Wyman, Charlestown, 757) son of Samuel² and Mary () Pierce. 7. Abigail, b. probably at Hull ca. 1668; m. int. at Boston 25 May 1696 with John Steel (C.A. Torrey, "New England Marriages Before 1700," MS at the Society, source not given). 8. Rebecca, b. probably at Hull ca. 1670, d. there 6 Aug. 1743 (Hull VRs, 63); m. (1) ca. 1690 Richard² Stubbs, (2) John Cox (see Stubbs Family, above, for further details). iii. ? HENRY, b. ca. 1635; d. at Hingham 4 April 1715 in his 80th year (Lincoln, History of Hingham, 3:275); m. there, 3 Feb. 1659/60, REMEMBER FARROW, bp. there in August 1642, d. there 11 Sept. 1715, aged 73, daughter of John and Frances (_____) Farrow (ibid., 2:215).

They resided in Hingham where their twelve children were born. For more details, see Lincoln, History of Hingham, and Chamberlain, Early Families of Weymouth (1923), 723-724. There is no actual proof that Henry was the son of Samuel, and he may have been the son of the unidentified Henry who died in 1642, noted in Peter Hobart's Journal (Register, 121:15).

iv. SAMUEL, bp. at Hingham 18 Nov. 1638 (Register, 121:11); d. as Major while serving under Sir William Phips in the ill-fated battle against Frontenac at Quebec in 1690 (Savage, Gen. Dict., 4:413); m. (1)

ABIGAIL MAVERICK, bp. at Salem 12 Jan. 1644/5, d. before Jan. 1685/6, daughter of Moses and Remember (Allerton) Maverick and a

granddaughter of Isaac Allerton of the Mayflower ("John Maverick and Some of His Descendants, Register, 96[1942], 359); m. (2) ca. 1683, SARAH (BRADSTREET) HUBBARD, b. probably at Ipswich, Mass., daughter of Gov. Simon and Anne (Dudley) Bradstreet and widow of Richard Hubbard of Ipswich (New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, 49[1918]:89). Samuel was of Marblehead when he became a freeman in 1665; he was a sergeant in 1666, lieutenant in 1670, and captain in 1679 (Savage, 4:413). For his eight children, all by first wife Abigail, see Edith Bartlett Sumner, Descendants of Thomas Farr of Harpswell, Maine, and Ninety Allied Families (Los Angeles, 1959), 305-306).

Samuel Ward Fund. In 1680, Samuel Ward, of Charlestown, "espetially for the manifestation of my sincere desire to incourage & uphold the seminary of learning & piety in Harvard Colledge" conveyed, by deed, to the College the island lying between Hingham and Hull, called Bumkin, or Wards Island, containing about thirty acres of land. According to Mr. Ward's will, in which also this island is given to the College (1681-82),

charges of the Diatt of the studentts that are in commons."

his mind was that the rent from it should be "for the easmentt of the

Catalogue - Harvard University

1907

Genealogical and Personal Memoirs Relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts, Volume 3; William Richard Cutter, Lewis Historical Publishing Company, 1908

The name of Ward (or Warde) is of Norman origin, and found on the ancient roll of Battle Abbey, England. The first of the family of whom there is mention is a noble captain of the name who accompanied William the Conqueror to England in 1066. There were families of the name living in Yorkshire and Dur-The ancient Ward coat-of-arms is: Azure, a cross patence or. Crest: A wolf's head erased proper langued and dentated gules. Motto: Sub cruce salus. Henry Ward died in Hingham, Massachusetts, May 15, 1642, and was possibly the father, and undoubtedly a near relative of Samuel Ward, the immigrant ancestor. It is believed by some investigators, however, that John Ward of Stratford, Suffolk, England, clothier, was father to Samuel. He made a will October 19, 1629, proved May 18, 1631, bequeathing to son, "Samewell."

(I) Samuel Ward, immigrant ancestor, born in England, 1592, was a proprietor of Hingham in 1636. He was called yeoman, and was admitted a freeman March 9, 1636-7; was deputy to the general court in November, 1637-38. He had a law suit in 1640 about land which he had received in payment for cloth sold. The town granted him and two others permission to set up a common corn mili for the town, June 12, 1643. He removed to Hull before 1655, and sold land at Hingham, March 30, 1665. He removed finally to Charlestown. He owned large tracts of land in Hingham, Hull and Charlestown. He died at Charlestown, August 30, 1682, aged eighty-nine. His will, dated March 6, 1681-2, proved October 3, 1682, bequeathed to wife Frances; son Samuel and Sanmel's children; son-in-law Isaac Lobdell a house he had built in Charlestown: daughter Mary and her husband Ambrose Gool, land at Hull; Harvard College the island lying between Hingham and Hull, called Bontkin Island, which he wished to have called Ward's Island; man Rogers to serve three years longer. He married first ----, who died at Hingham, November 28, 1638; second. Frances ----, died in Boston, June 10, 1600. He and his wife were admitted to the church at Charlestown, August 9, 1656. Children: 1. Henry, mentioned below. 2. Samuel, baptized at Hingham, November 18, 1638. 3. Mary, married Ambrose Gould. 4. Martha, married Isaac Lobdell.

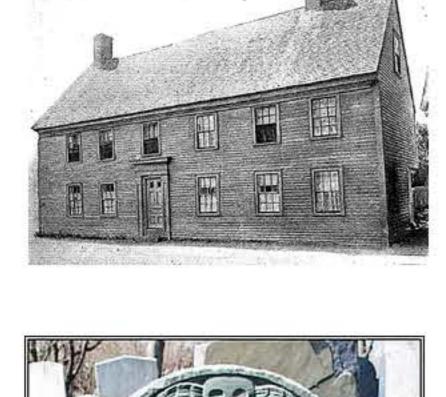
A Court Case - Disposition Unknown

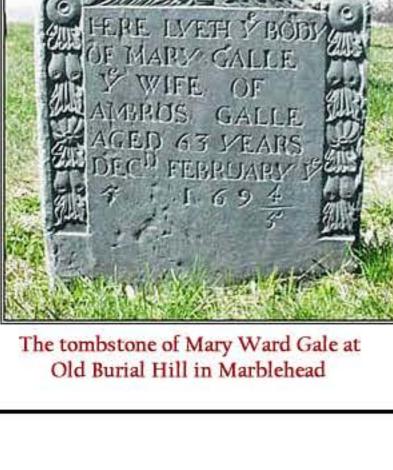
New England, The Great Migration and The Great Migration Begins, 1620-1635

In late July 1641, "Anne Norton widow of William Norton her late husband complains against Mr. Samuell Warde of Hingham in an action of the case. She sayeth that her husband being heretofore indebted in 19s. [sic] unto the said Samuell for cloth her husband told her that the said Samuell requested him to sell him a piece of his meadow which her husband could not well spare & she now much wanteth and she confesseth her husband told her he did sell the said Samuell some meadow but what or how much she knoweth not & that about 20s. more besides the 10s, was paid by the said Samuel for the same being in all but 30s, whereas the meadow that the said Samuell claimeth by the said sale is & was much more worth at the time of the said sale than the said 30s. that is to say four pounds or thereabouts as the said plaintiff hath heard & verily believeth & hopeth she shall be able to prove. And further the said Anne Norton complaineth that the said Samuell hath falsely said before diverse witnesses that she did remove a landmark & place another stake in another place in the said ground which is to her great discredit. And she further complaineth that since her said husband's death she mowed her own ground as she conceived without any question by the said Samuell made but the last year he claimed part of that she mowed. Therefore the said plaintiff sayeth she is damnified by the said slanderous words forty shillings and further craveth of this honored Court that according unto equity she may be satisfied for the full value of the said meadow or that she may be admitted to redeem the same as being at the most but in the nature of a mortgage but if the Court be pleased to adjudge that the said Samuell shall hold his bargain then that the said Samuell may prove what the said bargain was & where the metes & bounds thereof do lie" [Lechford 433-34].

April 22, 2011 / By Daniel / In Colonial, Houses, Marblehead

Daughter, Mary Ward



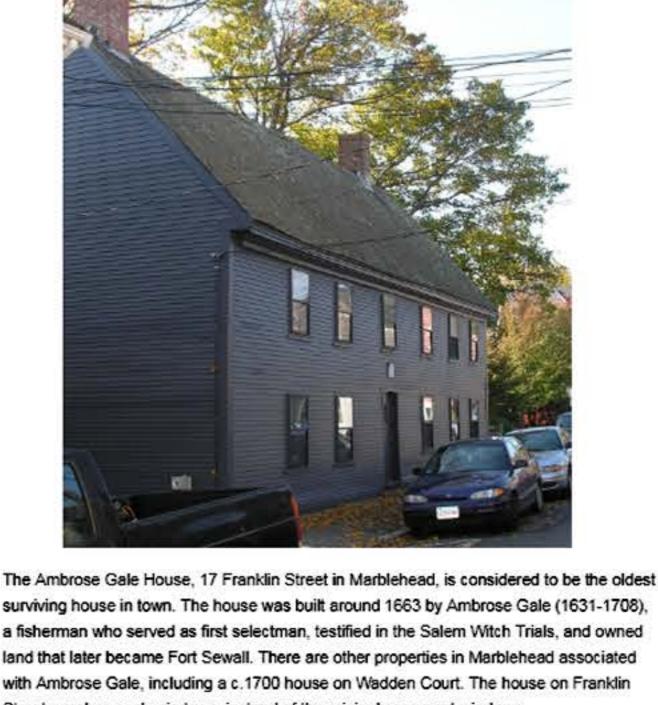


Genealogical and Family History of

the State of Maine, Volume 1

Stubbs

By Henry Sweetser Burrage, Albert Roscoe



Street now has sash windows, instead of the original casement windows.

(II) Isaac, son of Nicholas Lobden, with

his brother John, was admitted freeman in

Daughter, Martha Ward

1673. In 1681, Isaac Lobdell, in behalf of the selectmen of Hull, petitioned that Sergeant Nathaniel Bosworth, of Hull, be empowered to administer oaths and to marry persons, and in 1683 served on the grand jury at Plymouth. Isaac Lobdell, of Hull, Massachusetts, married Martha Ward, daughter of Samuel Ward, a wealthy citizen of Charlestown, then of Hingham, proprietor of large tracts of land in these towns and in Hull. Copy of a deed of land in Hull given by Isaac Lobdell and Martha, his wife, to John Lobdell, May 17, 1670, is found in Suffolk deeds, page 314. In the same records is found: "Isaac Lobdell of Hull (Yoeman) and wife, Martha, for love and affection to son Joseph of Boston (mariner) messuage in Hull and balance of lease for eighteen years in Bumpus Island; also his negro slave, Sambo, etc.; in consideration of support for life and sundry payments (yearly rent), March 15, 1702." Isaac Lobdell "well stricken in years," made his will March 22, 1710, and it was probated May 4, 1718. He appointed son Joseph and ---- Perry, executors. The children of Isaac and Martha (Ward) Lobdell, were: Isaac, Samuel, Nicholas, Joseph, Mary, Abigail, Rebecca, Elizabeth and a daughter who married Mr. Lendall. (III) Isaac (2), eldest child of Isaac (1) and Martha (Ward) Lobdell, was born June

28, 1657. He was a soldier in Samuel Wadsworth's company in King Philip's war, 1675-76. In 1686 he took the oath at Plymouth and became a freeman. He died before 1718, at which time his father's will was proved and mentions children of "My son Isaac, deceased." He married (first) Sarah King, a daughter of Samuel King, of Plymouth. She was born January 31, 1666, and died March 27, 1697. On August 12, 1697, Isaac Lobdell was married to Hannah Bishop by Cotton Mather. The children, all by wife Sarah, and all but the youngest born at Plymouth, were: A daughter

(died young), Sarah, Martha, Samuel, and Ebenezer

MAJOR SAMUEL WARD was baptized in Hingham, Mass., on Nov. 18, 1638. He married first, Abigail, daughter of Moses Maverick. She was baptized in Salem on Jan. 12, 1644/5. Her death Samuel married second, Sarah, widow of has not been found. Richard Hubbard, who had died in 1681. She was the daughter of Governor Simon Bradstreet. Simon died between April 1690, and April 1691, as related below.

In 1666 the court, "considering the exposed condition of the harbor of Marblehead," voted that if the inhabitants would

erect a suitable fort or breastwork, their country rate would

be abated, and that two or three guns would be furnished as soon as the fortifications were finished. This was done, the fort costing 230. That the fishermen might be disciplined and drilled in military movements and tactics, the court ordered that a company should be organized, and Major Hathorne was appointed commander, with Samuel Ward as sergeant. In 1670, he was lieutenant, in 1679 captain, and in 1690 served as major in the Phipps expedition to Quebec.* In the account of this part of the so-called William and Mary War, Waters says: "The most prominent of all was Major Samuel Ward, who was credited to Ipswich but who seems to have been a resident of Marblehead and who died of his wounds after the expedition returned." Other records show that in 1666 he and Richard Rowland,

"both of Marblehead," were appointed by Salem to lay out the part of the proposed new road from Salem to Marblehead, which was in Salem. (Marblehead appointed two Salem men to lay out the part which was in Marblehead.) In 1674 he was one of the 114 householders of Marblehead. In 1684, MOSES MAVERICK, John Devereaux, Captain Samuel Ward, and five others, with the selectmen, were chosen a committee to investigate and search the claims of certain Indians. Ward and Devereaux as a sub-committee were authorized to purchase the land in case the claim should prove valid. They returned a report that the claims were valid, and purchased the land for the town. Abigail, though living in Marblehead, was a member of the

First Church of Salem, and had her children baptized there. Samuel's will of April 29, 1690, was presented at Ipswich

court on April 22, 1691. It begins: "Whereas the government and Counsell have ordered me upon an expedition to Canada, by God's assistance against the common enemy.... He left property in Boston or Charlestown"which my father left me"; mentions his wife Sarah, his honored father Bradstreet, sons John and Samuel, and daughter Mercy. The will was witnessed by Thomas Wade, Joseph Brown, and Daniel Hovey. Administration was granted in Middlesex court of the unadministered will, "the executor having died," to two daughters, Mary Waters and MARTHA TUTTLE, widows, on July 29, 1719. Qualifies for Society of Colonial Wars.

Children of Samuel and Abigail, baptized in the First Church

of Salem:

1 John3, bp. Salem, 10-23-1668. Liv. 1690. D. 1732? Perhaps the John Ward who m. 1689, Jehoidan Harvey.

- 2 Mercy, perhaps dau. not named, bp. 1023-1668. Liv. 1690. M. a Mr Cane. 3 Mary, bp. 8-6-1669. Liv. 1684. M.l, Peter Doliver of
- Marblehead. M.2,1699, William Waters; dau. Hannah,1700. 4 Remember, bp. 8-6-1669. D. 1684. M. 1679, William" (Ed-
- (John1) Pearse; 1 dau. 5 Abigail, bp. 8-6-1669. D.1688. M.c1688, William Hines of Marblehead. He m.2,1688, Elizabeth Dimon; 3 chil.

ward1) Wilson (b.1660); 2 sons. He m. 2, 1685, Mary2

- 6 Elizabeth, bp. 5-8-1670. M., John² (Richard¹) Kettell. + 7 MARTHA, bp. 9-16-1672. See below.
 - 8 Samuel, bp. Salem, Feb. 1673/4. M. 1699, Sarah3 (SIMON2. JOHN1) TUTTLE; Samuel b. & d. 1702; Sarah, d. 1703.
- MARTHA3 WARD was baptized in the First Church of Salem on Sept.16, 1672, and probably born shortly before. She married

Feb. 27, 1715/16, "age 49 years, 10 months, 5 days." Martha married second in Ipswich on Nov. 10, 1722, George Hart. She died there on Aug. 17, 1723, "in 52nd year," and George died there on Jan. 14, 1754. Samuel's First Father-in-Law, Moses Maverick MOSES MAVERICK was born in Huish, county Devon, and baptized there on Nov. 3, 1611, perhaps by his own father, Rev.

John Maverick, who was curate there at that time. In 1662 he

gave his age in a deposition as about fifty. He married first

before May 6, 1635, Remember Allerton, who came with her fath-

in Ipswich, Mass., on Dec. 3, 1689, John, son of Simon Tuttle.

He was born in Ipswich on April 22, 1666, and died there on

er, Isaac Allerton, on the Mayflower in 1620. She died after 1652, but before Oct. 22, 1656, when Moses married in Boston,

a second wife, Eunice, widow of Thomas Roberts, the ceremony performed by Gov. John Endicott. She was born about 1628, as she gave her age as about forty-three in a deposition in 1671. She was living on Dec. 5, 1698. See ALLERTON. He was made freeman of Massachusetts Bay Colony on Sept. 3. 1634, being then a citizen of Dorchester, Mass., where he was a proprietor in 1633. He soon sold his property there and removed to Salem, Mass., being in the fishing business in Salem in 1634. He lived on the Marblehead side of Salem. Isaac Allerton conveyed all his "houses and stages (fishing)at Marblehead" to him on May 6, 1635, probably on his marriage. He and his wife were received into the Salem First Church on June 12, 1637, and since he was made a freeman in 1634, was doubt-

less a member of his father's church in Dorchester. In 1636, he paid to the General Court the rent for Noddles Island (now East Boston), having charge of it during the absence of his brother Samuel in Virginia. He had a Salem grant before 1636 and several grants in Marblehead, one of ten acres in 1638. He was a merchant, called a "business man of much enterprise," and became very prominent in Marblehead. In 1638 the inhabitants of Marblehead were taxed by Salem, and Moses Maverick was taxed on 140 acres. "Moses Maverick's island" was referred to in 1660. Before 1671 he conveyed to John Lyon a

part of his lot in Salem, and another part which contained his

1640 he signed the petition of Marblehead men regarding tres-

pass of "foreign fishermen"; he was on the first board of se-

lectmen of Marblehead; he was constable of Marblehead in 1643;

Town records show that he was on a trial jury in 1637; in

house, to Henry Stacey.

and besides being justice of the peace, he was the town clerk and solemnized marriages. He apparently transferred from the Salem church, joining the Marblehead church in 1684, a year before his death. His death record in Marblehead reads: "Died, on Jan. 28, 1685/6, Moses Maverick, who solemnized the preceding marriages and being clerke registered the births and deaths preceding." His will, dated January 1685/6, was presented by his wid-

ow for probate at Ipswich, Mass., Court on March 30, 1686, but

some of the children objecting to its allowance, because it

was unsigned, the case was postponed until the next court to

be held at Salem. In Boston, July 15, 1686, widow Eunice Mav-

erick was appointed administratrix, but evidently neglecting

her duties, Edward Woodman, her son-in-law, asked the court,

at Ipswich, April 22, 1691, to order an accounting, claiming

that nothing had been as yet done to settle the estate. Maverick was ordered to bring in her account at the next court to be held at Salem on June 30, 1691. She came as ordered, but Woodman failed to appear. On September 29, he again asked an accounting and Mrs Maverick was ordered to appear at Salem court on Nov. 30, 1691, and this time he was obliged to give bonds for his appearance. Sept. 22, 1693, Remember and John Woodman chose their father Edward Woodman as their guardian, they to receive their share of their grandfather Moses Maverick's estate. On Nov. 29, 1698, final agreement of the heirs was signed-by daughters of Moses and Remember Maverick; ABI-GAIL WARD's children; Eliza Skinner; Remember Woodman, decd., her child; Mary Ferguson, and Sarah Norman. The will left the estate to wife Eunice; after her death, Moses Hawks, only surviving child of daughter Rebecca, was to have £5; the 4 children of daughter ABIGAIL, deceased, vizt.: SAMUEL WARD, Abigail Hinds, Mary Dollabar, and MARTHA WARD, to have £5 each; the rest of the estate to the four daughters Eliza Skinner, Remember Woodman, Mary, wife of Archibald Fer-

guson, and Sarah, wife of John Norman. Wife Eunice was to be executrix. The inventory, taken in 1686, amounted to £342.19. Children of Moses and Remember, first wife, bp. First Church, Salem:

1 Rebecca³, bp. 8-7-1639. D.Lynn, 1659. M.Lynn, 1658, John²

(Adam1) Hawks (c1638-1694); son Moses b.1659. John m.,

+ 3 ABIGAIL, bp. 1-12-1644/5. See below. 4 Elizabeth, bp. 12-13-1646. D. yg. 5 Samuel, bp. 12-19-1647. Liv. 1669. Prob. d. bef. 1686.

2 Mary, bp. 2-14-1640/1. D., Boston, 1656, "age 15."

6 Elizabeth, bp. 9-30-1649. D. 1686-1698. M.1, 4-6-1665, Nathaniel2 (Joseph1) Grafton (b. 1642; d.Barbadoes, in 1671); 3 daus. M.2, bef. 1686, Thomas Skinner of Boston,

10 Aaron, bp. Salem, 3-20-1663/4. D.1698.

2, Sarah2 (Thomas1) Cushman.

- as 2d wife. He d. 1690; 2 daus. 7 Remember, bp. 9-12-1652. D. bet. 1686 and 1691. M., 1,
- Edward3 (Edward2, Edward1) Woodman (1658-1693 to 8); 5 chil. bp. Salem, 1684. Children of Moses and Eunice, second wife, bp. Salem, except Moses:
 - 8 Mary³, bp. 9-6-1657. D. 1695. M.1, 1681, John³ (Henry²,
 - Henry1) Bullock; 1 son. M.2, bef. 1686, Archibald Ferguson (b. c1647; liv. 1698); 5 chil. 9 Moses, bp. Boston, 3-4-1660/1. Liv.1677. Not in father's will, 1685.

(b. c1660; liv. 1706); 11 chil. ABIGAIL3 MAVERICK was baptized in the First Salem Church, Jan. 12, 1644/5. She married Major Samuel Ward, Jr., who was

11 Sarah. Liv. 1706. M., Marblehead, 11-10-1683, John Norman

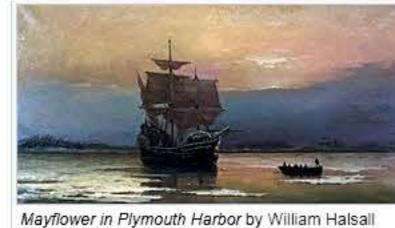
baptized in Hingham, Mass., Nov. 18, 1638. The death of Abigail has not been found, but Samuel's second wife was Sarah [Bradstreet], widow of Richard Hubbard, who had died in 1681.

Samuel died on the 1690 Canada Expedition. See WARD.

Isaac Allerton

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Isaac Allerton Sr. (c.1586 – 1658/9), and his family, were passengers in 1620 on the historic voyage of the ship Mayflower. Allerton was a signatory to the Mayflower Compact. In Plymouth Colony he was active in colony governmental affairs and business and later in trans-Atlantic trading. Problems with the latter regarding colony expenditures caused him to be censured by the colony government and ousted from the colony. He later became a well-to-do businessman elsewhere and in his later years resided in Connecticut.



(1882)



Signing the Mayflower Compact 1620, a painting by Jean Leon Gerome Ferris 1899

The Mayflower voyage The Allerton family boarded the Mayflower consisting of Allerton's wife Mary, three children and an apprentice, John Hooke.

The Mayflower departed Plymouth, England on September 6/16, 1620. The small, 100-foot ship had 102 passengers and a crew of about 30–40 in extremely cramped conditions. By the second month out, the ship was being buffeted by strong westerly gales, causing the ship's timbers to be badly shaken with caulking failing to keep out sea water, and with passengers, even in their berths, lying wet and ill. This, combined with a lack of proper rations and unsanitary conditions for several months, attributed to what would be fatal for many, especially the majority of women and children. On the way there were two deaths, a crew member and a passenger, but the worst was yet to come after arriving at their destination when, in the space of several months, almost half the passengers perished in cold, harsh, unfamiliar New England winter.

On November 9/19, 1620, after about three months at sea, including a month of delays in England, they spotted land, which was the Cape Cod Hook, now called Provincetown Harbor. And after several days of trying to get south to their planned destination of the Colony of Virginia, strong winter seas forced them to return to the harbor at Cape Cod hook, where they anchored on November 11/21. The Mayflower Compact was signed that day. Issac Allerton was one of the signers.

Marriages

Isaac Allerton was married three times:

- Mary Norris of Newbury, England. They married in Leiden, Holland November 4, 1611. She died in Plymouth February 25, 1620/1.
- Fear Brewster in Plymouth Colony ca. 1625/26. She died in Plymouth before December 12, 1634. She was a daughter of William and Mary Brewster.
- Joanna Swinnerton, probably in New Haven CT before February 17, 1644/5. She was still living in New Haven as of May 19, 1684. [28]

Children

- Bartholomew Allerton. Born Leiden, Holland ca. 1612/13. He moved back to England, marrying (1) Margaret __ and (2) Sarah Fairfax. He had at least four children and died at Bramfield, Suffolk in 1658.
- Remember Allerton. Born Leiden ca. 1614/15. She married Moses Maverick before May 6, 1635, and had seven children. She died in Marblehead between September 12, 1652, and October 22, 1656.
- Mary Allerton. Born Leiden ca. 1616/17. She married Thomas Cushman in Plymouth about 1636 and had eight children. She died, the last of the Mayflower passengers, on November 28, 1699.
- (child) buried at St. Pancras/St. Peters, Leiden February 5, 1620.
- (son) was stillborn aboard Mayflower at Plymouth Harbor December 22, 1620.

Royal Families: Americans of Royal and Noble Ancestry. Second Edition Generation Three

Samuel's Second Wife and Her First Husband

30. SARAH' BRADSTREET (Anne-DUDLEY, Thomas'); b. 1636

Andover; m. Richard HUBBARD, son of Rev. William HUBBARD and Mary), 1658 Andover; m. Maj. Samuel WARD 1681 Ipswich; d. 17 Apr. 1704 Ipswich. She has a verse by her mother that reads: "I have a third of color white, On whom I place no small delight; Coupled with mate, loving and true, Hath also bid her dam adieu; And, where Aurora first appears, She now hath perched to spend her years."127 RICHARD HUBBARD; b. 1631 Tendering Hundred, co. Essex; d. 3 May 1681 Ipswich. 128 He immigrated on 6 Oct. 1635 to Boston [at age 4] on the

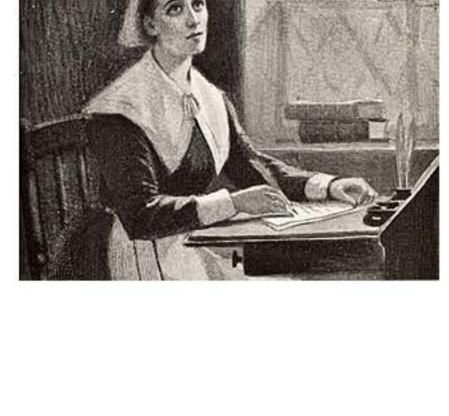
ship Defence, Edmond Bostocke, master. He graduated 1653 from Harvard College and received his M.A. in 1655 there. Although there is no record that he became a freeman, he held some principal offices in Ipswich. He was deputy to the general court in 1660, feoffer [grantor of a fee] of the Ipswich Grammar School in 1665 and selectman from 20 Feb. 1665 until 2 Nov. 1680, 121 Charles W. Tibbetts, ed., The New Hampshire Genealogical Record, 7 vols., (Bowie, Md.: Heritage Books, 1988), 2:86. Marston Watson Genealogical Collection. Hereinafter cited as N. H.

- Gen. Record. 127 Dudley, Dudley Family History, 2:674. 128 Essex Institute, Ipswich VR (published), 2:593.

Historic Ipswitch

Anne Dudley Bradstreet, the colony's first published poet

The In-Laws of His Second Marriage



AUGUST 18, 2014 | GORDON HARRIS |



Simon Bradstreet

1679-1686

Massachusetts Bay Colony In office

Anne Dudley Bradstreet was born in 1612 in England. She married Simon Bradstreet at age sixteen. Her father

in language and literature.

With her parents they arrived in America on June 14, 1630 in Salem aboard the "Arbella" with John Winthrop, but they moved soon to Charlestown, then Cambridge, before settling in Ipswich. In the mid-1640's, Simon and

Anne, pregnant with her sixth child, moved to what is

now North Andover. Over the course of years they moved six times.

was a steward to an Earl, and thus she was well tutored

Simon Bradstreet was active in colonial politics, and was selected to serve as colonial secretary, a post he held until 1644, which required frequent traveling to the various outposts of the colony.

America...by a Gentlewoman in these Parts. This established Anne Bradstreet as the first female poet in the New World, and the first published poet in the English colonies of North America. Anne Bradstreet died at the age of 60, after suffering from tuberculosis and a paralyzing

During these years, often alone with her eight children, Anne took consolation in her

writing, and it was during this time that she wrote a collection of poems published in

London in 1650, probably without her knowledge, as The Tenth Muse Lately Sprung up in

joint disease in her later years. Simon Bradstreet lived to be over 90 years old and served as Governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony from 1679 - 1692.

Simon Bradstreet (baptized March 18, 1603/4 — March 27, 1697) was a colonial magistrate, businessman, diplomat,

Bradstreet was almost constantly involved in the politics of the colony but became its governor only in 1679. He served on

and the last governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. Arriving in Massachusetts on the Winthrop Fleet in 1630,

diplomatic missions and as agent to the crown in London, and also served as a commissioner to the New England

Bradstreet was married to Anne, the daughter of Massachusetts co-founder Thomas Dudley and New England's first

Cotton Mather referred to him as the "Nestor of New England". His descendants include the famous jurists Oliver

Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr. and David Souter, U.S. President Herbert Hoover, and actor Humphrey Bogart.

published poet. He was a businessman, investing in land and shipping interests. Due to his advanced age (he died at 93)

Confederation. He was politically comparatively moderate, arguing minority positions in favor of freedom of speech and for accommodation of the demands of King Charles II following his restoration to the throne.

Simon Bradstreet

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Wendell Holmes, Jr. and David Souter. Family and legacy Bradstreet was buried in the Charter Street Burying Ground in Salem. - Poetry by his first wife Anne was published in England in 1650, including verses containing expressions of enduring love for her husband. Anne Bradstreet died in 1672; the couple had eight children, of whom seven survived infancy. Their children included Dudley and John. In 1676 Bradstreet married Ann Gardner, the widow of Captain Joseph Gardner, son of Thomas Gardner of Salem. His many descendants include jurists

The Phipps Expedition Where Major Samuel Ward Received Mortal Injuries



Right: Fontenac receiving the envoy of Sir William Phipps demanding the surrender of Quebec, 1690.

